

2016 SIIS Annual Report



SHANGHAI INSTITUTES FOR
INTERNATIONAL STUDIES

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Industry. Originality.
Patriotism. Cosmopolitism.



President's Message



The year 2016 saw dramatic changes across the world, as black swan events occurred one after another, including Donald J. Trump's upset victory in the 2016 U.S. presidential election, Britain's break with the European Union, Italy's veto on its constitutional referendum, etc. This indicates resurgent economic nationalism, protectionism, and populism in the West, and the emergent tendency toward deglobalization. Also in 2016, worldwide inequalities and divisions widened as a result of slow recovery in the global economy. Traditional and nontraditional security challenges intertwined in a generally stable world, yet regional conflicts and disputes had intensified in the Middle East and other places of the world. Relations between great powers moved forward, oscillating between stiffer competition and closer cooperation. Notwithstanding, at a time when globalization is at a low ebb, the accelerating global spread of information, data, ideas, and innovations is steering the world toward greater interconnectivity and interdependence, requiring more effective global governance as a way of addressing a vast array of risks and challenges attendant upon globalization.

For China's diplomacy, 2016 has been an important year in which China has blazed new paths and made new progress. In the face of complex and fast-changing international situation, Chinese diplomacy has held its ground and stood up to multiple challenges. In the year past, China made steady progress in its relations with other great powers, consolidated friendships with neighboring countries, and fully engaged with the developing world. To advance the Belt and Road Initiative, China sought to dovetail its development plans with those of the countries along the two trade routes. Amid an increasingly urgent call for reforms in global governance, China has come forward with China's solutions



for better global governance, playing a pioneering role in global institutional reforms. When chairing the G20 Hangzhou Summit, Chinese President Xi Jinping introduced a range of new ideas and approaches, such as trying to discover new force of growth through innovation. These emergent ideas and approaches have helped the G20's transition from a crisis-response group to the primary institution for long-term governance. In the face of resurgent economic nationalism, while rejecting all forms of protectionism, Chinese leaders have also articulated their advocacy of deeper economic globalization toward greater inclusiveness and shared benefits. Moreover, China has been the first country among major economies to issue a national plan for the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, steering the global efforts toward sustainable development.

In 2016, as the pioneer in China's reform and opening-up drive and innovation-driven development, Shanghai remained relentless in its efforts to build a center for scientific and technological innovation with global impacts, and made impressive progress in NGOs management and city internationalization.

In 2016, the Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) continued to step up forward-looking and strategic studies, and has provided the central government and Shanghai Municipal Government with insightful and valuable policy recommendations on major issues in China's domestic development and foreign policy as well as Shanghai's economic transformation and social progress. Over the past year, SIIS also undertook research programs assigned by ministry-level government agencies and the Shanghai Municipal Government and participated in major diplomatic events and activities.

In 2017, major changes are anticipated in the international landscape, presenting challenges, risks, and opportunities for China's major-country diplomacy and Shanghai's reform and development. As required of a high-caliber think tank, SIIS is set to adapt itself to the fast-changing world, embrace institutional reforms and innovations, and make greater contributions to world peace, human well-being, China's prosperity, and Shanghai's development.

SIIS President Chen Dongxiao

2016

▶ Year in Review



1. Serving China's overall diplomacy by providing valuable intellectual support

The year 2016 witnessed both impressive achievements in China's great-power diplomacy and SIIS's new, remarkable contributions to China's overall diplomacy. First, SIIS played host to a number of major G20 events. As a leading member of T20 (Think Tank 20)---one of G20's engagement groups---SIIS hosted more than 10 domestic and international conferences revolving around G20's agendas, promoting G20 studies and providing policy recommendations on G20 reforms. Besides, SIIS experts were also involved in major B20 (Business 20) and C20 (Civil 20) events and publicity campaigns aimed at increasing public awareness of the G20 Summit in Hangzhou and its impacts. SIIS's deep involvement has been highly commended by the Organizing Committee of the G20 Hangzhou Summit.



Second, SIIS was fully engaged in drafting plans and reports on China's major diplomatic initiatives. For example, an SIIS task force led by President Chen Dongxiao penned the early drafts of China's National Plan on Implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. A task force led by Vice President Yang Jian penned the early drafts of China's 13th Five-Year Plan for Polar Research.

Third, in coordination with the Shanghai Municipal Government, SIIS hosted side events of China's major diplomatic activities, such as the First Annual Meeting of BRICS's New Development, the Fifth CICA Think Tank Conference, Taipei-Shanghai Forum, and the Twenty-first China-Korea Future Forum.

Fourth, SIIS submitted to the Central Government more than 200 reports and internal memos on major issues in China's diplomacy, such

as great-power diplomacy with Chinese characteristic, the Belt and Road Initiative, neighborhood diplomacy, the G20 and global governance, the United Nations' 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, security order and architecture in China's peripheries, U.S. presidential election and China-U.S. relations, emerging strategic frontiers, city diplomacy, and Beijing's policy in Taiwan and Hong Kong. SIIS also released a series of insightful research reports, such as "Aligning the Silk Road Economic Belt with the European Economic Union: Toward a Common Eurasian Economic Space," "Sino-African Peace and Security Cooperation: New Challenges, Contexts, and Approaches," and "China's Peripheral Security: Analysis and Recommendations."

2. Serving Shanghai's socioeconomic progress

In 2016, SIIS achieved considerable progress in serving Shanghai's social and economic development.

SIIS strengthened institutional cooperation with relevant agencies of the Shanghai Municipal Government. First, SIIS increased exchanges and cooperation with the Shanghai Municipal People's Congress and the CPPCC's Shanghai Committee by providing intellectual support based on research programs revolving around NGO management, social governance as well as city diplomacy and internationalization.

Second, on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the Shanghai People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries (SPAFFC), SIIS engaged with the SPAFFC in active people-to-people diplomacy by hosting a number of academic symposiums.

Third, SIIS was involved in the publicity campaigns on "Telling the China Story" sponsored by the Publicity Department of CPC's Shanghai Committee.

Fourth, SIIS provided valuable intellectual support for the annual

International Business Leaders' Advisory Council for the Mayor of Shanghai.

Fifth, SIIS joined hands with the Shanghai World Cities Day Coordinating Center in hosting a series of events on the occasion of the United Nations' World Cities Day, most notably among them was the release of the latest edition of the *Shanghai Manual*. SIIS also undertook over ten research programs assigned by the CPC's Shanghai Committee and the Shanghai Municipal Government.

3. Network building for greater global impact

In 2016, SIIS hosted 386 delegations of 2023 visitors altogether, among whom were foreign dignities including former Afghan President Hamid Karzai, former South Korean Prime Minister Han Seung-soo, former Italian Prime Minister Mario Monti, Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme Erik Solheim, former Zambian President Rupiah Banda, and former Armenian Prime Minister Vazgen Manukyan.



SIIS hosted more than 50 international and domestic symposiums and roundtables attended by over 2,000 scholars and experts from around the world, including "International Migration in Global Governance," "(De)radicalization: Theory and Policy," "China-U.S. Dialogue on Global Economic Order," "The Taiwan Issue in Sino-European Relations," and "Trends in Global Urban Development and City Diplomacy."

Moreover, SIIS broadened its engagement with research institutions



from across the world by signing new and extending existing memorandums of cooperation with the Carter Center (USA), Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (India), Institute for Peace and Security Studies (IPSS) at the Addis Ababa University (Ethiopia), Malaysian Institute of Defence and Security Studies, Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia, Diplomatic Institute of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Portuguese Republic, Institute for Far Eastern Studies at Kyungnam University, and Tongji University of Shanghai. In 2016, SIIS hosted 14 visiting scholars from the United States, India, Ethiopia, Serbia, and Zambia, dispatched 10 groups of fellows to U.S. and German think tanks as visiting fellows, and sent more than 100 delegations on overseas trips for academic exchanges.

The China Quarterly of International Strategic Studies, SIIS's flagship publication was included in the Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI), a potential pathway to the Social Science Citation Index (SSCI).



2017, Year Ahead

2016 marks the opening year for the implementation of China's 13th Five-Year Plan, during which SIIS has made impressive achievements. Looking forward, 2017 will witness the 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, and a critical stage for the implementation of the 13th Five-Year Plan. In the international community, peaceful development is still the mainstream, yet the international landscape has become more complicated and volatile; as major-country relations have entered into strategic transition, the competition for international orders has become all the more intense. Faced with challenges and uncertainties, China needs to keep its strategic focus, seek opportunities in this changing world, and break new grounds in major-country diplomacy with Chinese characteristics. SIIS will continue to strengthen its capacities and reform mechanisms, so as to build itself into a new type of think tank with Chinese characteristics.

First, SIIS will continue to focus on improving its capacities, so that it can better serve China's overall diplomacy as well as Shanghai's socioeconomic progress. In 2017, China will host two important international conferences, the International Cooperation Summit Forum on the "Belt and Road" Initiative and the 9th BRICS Summit. SIIS will plan and coordinate its research and academic affairs accordingly, and provide better intellectual support and build itself into an internationally prestigious think tank.

Second, SIIS will strengthen its competitiveness in areas of specialization, including the "Belt and Road" Initiative, China's role in global governance, major-country diplomacy with Chinese

2017, Year Ahead

characteristics, Asia's security landscape, polar and marine affairs, cyber security, city diplomacy, etc. In the meantime, by producing more results from academic conferences, SIIS will seek closer cooperation with partners home and abroad, so as to raise its visibility in the international academia. In 2017, SIIS will conduct joint researches and publication projects with counterparts in countries along the "Belt and Road", Asia Pacific, and CEEC; it will also explore partnerships with think tanks in Latin America and Africa. Furthermore, SIIS will try to offer more international exchange programs, and invite more officials and top scholars to join the board of international advisors, deliver speeches, or be a visiting scholar.

Third, SIIS will explore an innovative pathway toward reform and development. SIIS will reform its mechanisms, so that it will attract more talents and form competitive research teams, and achieve breakthroughs in programs of strategic significance. Furthermore, SIIS will make better use of media to build its influence, such as the official website, WeChat official account, *Global Review*, and *China Quarterly of International Strategic Studies*. SIIS will also cooperate with other news agencies and research institutes, so that it can share its researches and dynamics with academia both at home and abroad. In this way, SIIS will promote exchanges of ideas and build its influence.

► Highlights in 2016

G20 and Global Economic Governance

In 2016, China took the presidency of G20, and successfully hosted G20 Hangzhou Summit in September. As a leading think tank sponsoring T20 activities, SIIS co-organized a series of relevant events with Institute of World Economics and Politics, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (IWEPP-CASS) and Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies at Renmin University of China (RDCY), and provided policy recommendation reports for the G20 Summit. T20's work has won commendations from President Xi Jinping and Chinese G20 Sherpa and Vice Foreign Minister Mr. Li Baodong, etc.

Before the G20 Summit, SIIS, IWEPP-CASS, and RDCY completed "T20 Policy Recommendations to the G20". On behalf of T20, SIIS President Chen Dongxiao presented the above-mentioned policy recommendation report at the Third G20 Sherpa Meeting on T20's work in 2016. At the end of July, President Chen released "T20 Chair's Statement" at the closing ceremony, drawing a conclusion to T20 events.



Furthermore, in an effort to support the G20 Summit, SIIS organized or participated in a dozen of international seminars in Beijing, Shanghai, Shenzhen, Washington D.C., Lima, Berlin and Geneva. Topics included global financial governance and innovation, growth and sustainable development, multi-lateral development banks (MDB) and global development agenda, global financial system and inclusive growth, G20 and the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, trade and investment cooperation, innovation and structural reform, etc.

In the area of global energy governance and the G20, in March, SIIS, Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia), Korea Development Institute, and Centre for International Governance Innovation (Canada) co-sponsored an international conference on "From Knowledge to Action: G20 Global Energy Governance Innovation". Prof. Liu Yanhua, Counselor for the State Council of China, Former Vice Minister of Science and Technology, gave a keynote speech.

The “Belt and Road” Initiative (BRI) and Cross-regional Cooperation

In 2016, SIIS continued to strengthen cooperation with think tanks along the “Belt and Road”, and has been actively involved in promoting Track II dialogues and enhancing mutual trust, so as to contribute to mutually beneficial cooperation between Asia, Europe and Africa.

On the Silk Road Economic Belt:

In 2016, SIIS hosted or organized a series of international symposiums. In April, SIIS and the Ministry of Commerce organized 2016 Seminar on Cooperation and Governance Capacity Building for Silk Road Economic Belt and Central and Eastern European Countries (CEEC); over twenty CEEC officials participated in the program, discussing opportunities and challenges in connecting the “16+1 Cooperation” with BRI. Furthermore, SIIS hosted the International Conference on Developing the Synergy between the “Belt and Road” Initiative and “16+1 Cooperation” in September, and the International Conference on Developing the Synergy between the Silk Road Economic Belt and Eurasian Economic Union: Cross-border Development for Eurasia in December. SIIS also released a task force report on the BRI, entitled The SREB Docking to the EAEU: Co-creating a Common Eurasian Economic Area.



On the 21st-century Maritime Silk Road:

The China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) is officially classified as “closely related to the Belt and Road Initiative”. On this issue, SIIS produced many articles in CSSCI journals and several policy recommendations to the central government. In December, SIIS hosted International Seminar on Security Issues of CPEC; Pakistani officials from Prime Minister’s Office, scholars from the Institute of Strategic Studies (Islamabad), Peking University, Fudan University, and Chinese Academy of Social Science participated in the conference. In addition, SIIS scholars participated in many important BRI-related conferences, including Beijing Forum – Islamabad, the “Belt and Road” panel at the Sixth International Forum on Tibetan Studies, and the Second China-Pakistan Think-Tank Seminar.

As the first Chinese think tank that includes Sri Lanka in its country studies, SIIS has been striving to promote bilateral cooperation in all fields. In July, SIIS and Pathfinder Foundation (PF) co-hosted the Second Symposium on the Maritime Silk Road and the China-Sri Lanka Relations; over fifty participants from Sri Lanka government, think tanks and enterprises joined the discussion. During the conference, SIIS President Chen Dongxiao and PF Chairman Bernard Goonetilleke declared the foundation of China-Sri Lanka Cooperation Studies Centre. It marks a new chapter in academic exchanges between the two countries, offering intellectual support to comprehensive bilateral cooperation.



2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and China's National Plan

To contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, SIIS has been engaged in relevant studies and exchanges of ideas, especially in areas of UN, G20, MDBs studies and China's National Plan.



First, SIIS has been strengthening ties with UN agencies. In February, SIIS, the China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) and the UNDP co-hosted a launching event for their joint report "Rebalancing Global Economic Governance: Opportunities for China and the G20 beyond 2015". In addition, invited by UNDP and the ASEAN Secretariat, President Chen Dongxiao attended the Symposium on 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in September.



Second, SIIS has been actively promoting G20's role in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. SIIS organized T20 seminars in Shanghai, Washington D.C. and Berlin, focusing on G20's role in delivering SDGs.

Third, as financing is crucial for the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, SIIS not only values cooperation with traditional development banks (e.g. World Bank), but also attaches great importance to exchanges with emerging development bank (e.g. New Development Bank). In January, SIIS and the World Bank Group (WBG) co-hosted the Workshop on IDA Priorities and the 2030 Development Agenda, a direct dialogue between domestic scholars and government officials. In April, an SIIS delegation attended the IDA Forum hosted by the World Bank in Washington D.C., exchanging views with NGO representatives and Chief Economist from International Finance Corporation.

Last but not least, SIIS was tasked with a research program by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and drafted the China's National Plan for the Implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The final document was released in September as a guideline for China's future sustainable development.



New Development Bank and South-South Cooperation



As a rising international financial center and home to New Development Bank (NDB), Shanghai enjoys distinct advantages in the financial sector. Against this backdrop, SIIS has been conducting joint researches with the Ministry of Finance, and has produced quality policy recommendation reports on China's role in global financial governance and international development financing, and development of NDB.

As SIIS played an important role in NDB's launch in 2015, SIIS again participated in the preparations for NDB First Annual Meeting of the Board of Governors in 2016. The Meeting was held in July in Shanghai, which was hosted by NDB and jointly organized by SIIS and Shanghai University of Finance and Economics (SUFE). Chinese Vice Premier Zhang Gaoli, member of Politburo Standing Committee of the Communist Party of China, attended the opening ceremony and delivered a speech. Finance Minister Lou Jiwei, President of NDB K. V. Kamamth, finance ministers



of NDB member states, and delegates from international organizations also delivered speeches. Nearly twenty guests addressed the round-table session: Challenges and Opportunities for NDB, presided by SIIS President Chen Dongxiao, exchanging views on current global economic situation and its effect on NDB, and infrastructure and sustainable development. More than 200 people attended the high-level seminar on "New Development Bank: A New Way Forward", including delegates of NDB member states and international organizations.



CICA Think Tank Roundtable and Asian Security Cooperation

Conference on Interaction and Confidence Building Measures in Asia (CICA) Think Tank Roundtable is one of the major innovations since China has taken over CICA presidency. The Roundtable aims at taking advantage of public diplomacy, setting Asia's security agenda, and promoting China's leadership in Asia. In April, SIIS hosted the Fifth CICA Think Tank Roundtable, with more than 30 attendants from think tanks and diplomatic missions of CICA member states and observer states. Participants engaged in heated discussions on Asia regional security, and proposed constructive opinions on the future development of CICA. After the meeting, SIIS compiled the recommendations into a policy report submitted to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Providing well-targeted intellectual support in light of the dynamics of CICA development and cooperation, this year's session was convened just before the Fifth Foreign Ministers' Meeting of CICA, during which Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi stressed in his keynote address that CICA Think Tank Roundtable should aim to create conditions and build consensus for CICA's future development and transformation.



Maritime and Polar Studies and China's Strategic New Territory

SIIS has been actively engaged in formulating Arctic policies, and provided many policy recommendations. SIIS participated in the preparations of Arctic policy document with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and "White Paper on Arctic Scientific Expeditions" with State Oceanic Administration, as well as seminars including China Symposium on Polar Science 2016. SIIS also hosted the Seminar on China-Russia Cooperation in Arctic Affairs in February, and Seminar on International Cooperation in Maritime and Polar Affairs in October, promoting academic exchanges and the influence of Polar studies.

Furthermore, SIIS has been pushing forward international cooperation in arctic affairs. In 2016, SIIS scholars visited Finland, Norway, Japan and the U.S. to participate in relevant international seminars, and invited scholars from the U.S., Russia, and Norway to visit Shanghai for academic discussions.



Taiwan, Hong Kong & Macau Studies and the “One Country, Two Systems” Policy



Taiwan, Hong Kong & Macau studies have been of high priority in SIIS research. In August, Vice President Yan Anlin headed a delegation of think tank researchers to attend the Taipei-Shanghai Forum, hosting a side event and visiting research institutions in Taiwan. SIIS also hosted a number of academic symposiums on cross-strait relations. In February, SIIS co-hosted the Twentieth Symposium on The New World Order and Cross-Strait Relations with Tamkang University. In August and October, SIIS hosted conferences on The Taiwan Issue in Sino-Japanese Relations and The Taiwan Issue in Sino-European Relations, at which senior officials from the State Council's Taiwan Office delivered keynote speeches, surveying the status quo of cross-strait relations and reviewing the mainland's policy toward Taipei.

SIIS maintains regular academic exchanges with Hong Kong academia. In January, invited by the Hong Kong SAR government, President Chen Dongxiao visited Hong Kong. During the visit, he met with Chief Executive Leung Chun-ying, CPPCC Vice Chairman Tung Chee-hua, Commissioner of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Hong Kong SAR Song Zhe, Vice Director of China's Liaison Office in Hong Kong Yang Jian, and Legislative Council President Jasper Tsang, and exchanged views with scholars from One Country Two Systems Research Institute, the Chinese University of Hong



Kong, and Lingnan University. President Chen also gave a lecture entitled “China's Neighborhood Diplomacy and Asian-Pacific Order Building in a New Era” at the Central Policy Unit. In September, SIIS hosted Mr. Shiu Sin-por, Chief of the Central Policy Unit, who exchanged views with SIIS experts on Hong Kong society, Sino-American relations, and the chief executive election in 2017.



The U.S. General Election and Sino-American Relations



SIIS hosted a series of academic conferences on Sino-American relations and U.S. possible foreign policies under a new administration, and provided insightful policy recommendations to the central government and Shanghai Municipal Government.

Before the general election, President Chen Dongxiao and Chairman of Academic Affairs Council Yang Jiemian headed SIIS delegations in September and October, and visited Democratic and GOP think tanks, renowned universities and research institutions, to study the presidential election and American social trends.

After the general election, SIIS co-hosted a symposium with the University of Macau on Domestic and Foreign Policies in Post-election America, and Sino-American Relations, at which Vice Foreign Minister Zheng Zeguang and Boao Forum of Asia Secretary-General Zhou Wenzhong delivered keynote speeches.

In July, SIIS co-hosted a symposium on The 2016 U.S. Presidential



Election and American Social Trends with the Shanghai Association of International Studies. In October, SIIS co-hosted the “Fourth Sino-American Dialogue on Global Economic Order” with the Center for Strategic and International Studies; participants from the Chinese and American governments, enterprises, and academia exchanged views on bilateral cooperation in trade, investment, climate change, and energy issues. In December, SIIS co-hosted with China Review News Agency a symposium on “The New Presidential Administration’s Asia-Pacific Policy and Cross-Strait Relations.”



Neighborhood Diplomacy and Asia-Pacific Peace

In 2016, Asia-Pacific hot-spot issues exacerbated regional tensions. Closely following regional dynamics, SIIS actively engaged in Track II diplomacy vis-a-vis neighboring countries, contributing to confidence building and regional stability.

SIIS hosted a number of foreign dignitaries in 2016, including former Afghan President Hamid Karzai, former South Korean Prime Minister Han Seung-soo, Vietnamese Ambassador to China Dang Minh Khoi, and Indian Ambassador to China Shri Vijay Gokhale, exchanging views on regional security and bilateral relations.

SIIS also organized many high-level international conferences. In January, SIIS hosted an international symposium on Asia-Pacific Regional Partnerships: Chinese and ASEAN Perspective. In July, SIIS co-hosted with the Chinese People's Institute of



Foreign Affairs and the Korea Foundation the Twenty-first China-Korea Future Forum. In October, SIIS invited Mr. Yu Myunghwan, former Minister of Foreign Affairs and Trade and Mr. Hyun In-taek, former Minister of Unification for the 2016 China-South Korea Strategic Dialogue. In November, SIIS hosted an international symposium on Northeast Asian Security Dilemma and China-U.S.-ROK Strategic Cooperation.

SIIS also strengthened cooperation with think tanks from Japan, Singapore, South Korea, and Australia, and participated in a number of important international conferences, such as Maritime Arms Races in the Asia-Pacific Region, Japan in the World and Sino-Japanese Relations, China-ASEAN Maritime Cooperation, and Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Normalization of China-Vietnam Relations: Past and Future.

City Diplomacy and Shanghai's International Strategy

In 2016, SIIS submitted to the Shanghai Municipal Government a report entitled "Shanghai's Internationalization: Status Quo and Development Paths" based on a survey of foreigners' views on Shanghai's internationalization. It also released a "Report on the Vitality Index on Chinese Cities in International Communication". In October, SIIS hosted a symposium on City Diplomacy in Global Cities: Opportunity, Challenges and Common Governance, an event under the auspices of the United Nations' World Cities Day, at which Mr. Yu Hongjun, a CPPCC member and former Vice Minister of CPC's International Department made a keynote speech.

On the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the founding of Shanghai People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries (SPAFFC), SIIS joined hands with SPAFFC in hosting two symposiums—"Opportunity and Challenge for People-to-People Diplomacy" and "People-to-People Diplomacy: Theory and Practice" respectively on July 27 and October 25.



Shanghai's Image and China's Voice



On April 6-7, President Chen Dongxiao attended the EU-China Think Tank Dialogue: A Long-Term Vision of 2020 Agenda and Four Partnerships at the Diaoyutai State Guesthouse.



On September 8th, SIIS Vice President Yang Jian attended the Ninth China-ASEAN Think Tank Strategic Dialogue Forum, and delivered a speech entitled "Building Communication Mechanisms between China and ASEAN Think Tanks".



On October 14-15, Vice President Yan Anlin attended the Fourth International Security Studies Forum, and made a speech at the opening ceremony.



On October 11, Chairman of SIIS Academic Affairs Council Prof. Yang Jiemian attended the Seventh Xiangshan Forum, and presided over the forum's third and fourth plenary sessions on security cooperation and international terrorism threat.

On March 8, Professor Yu Hongyuan, Director of SIIS Institute for Comparative Politics and Public Policy, met with former IMF Chief Economist Nicholas Stern at a forum hosted by Fudan University.



On July 25-27, Mr. Zhang Yao, Director of SIIS Center for Maritime and Polar Region Studies, attended the Huangdao Forum on 2016 East Asia Marine Cooperation Platform and made a keynote speech entitled "Key Partnerships along the 21st Maritime Silk Road."



On October 15, Chairman of SIIS Academic Affairs Council Yang Jiemian attended Boao Forum Strategic Planning Workshop & Board of Directors Working Meeting in Chongqing. During the meeting, he exchanged views on current world and regional economic situation with participants, including former Japanese Prime Minister and BFA Chairman Yasuo Fukuda, former Deputy Prime Minister of Chinese State Council and BFA Vice Chairman Zeng Peiyan, former Prime Minister of Pakistan Shaukat Aziz, former Prime Minister of Malaysia Abdullah Ahmad Badawi, Singapore Emeritus Senior Minister Goh Chok Tong, and former Prime Minister of New Zealand Jenny Shipley.

On October 21, SIIS scholars Qiang Xiaoyun, Gong Keyu, Qian Zongqi, Zhang Yinghong (From left to right) attended the 2016 Shanghai International Forum on Women's Development.



On November 4, Dr. Long Jing, Deputy Director of SIIS Center for European Studies, attended a side conference of the China-CEEC Summit Meeting.

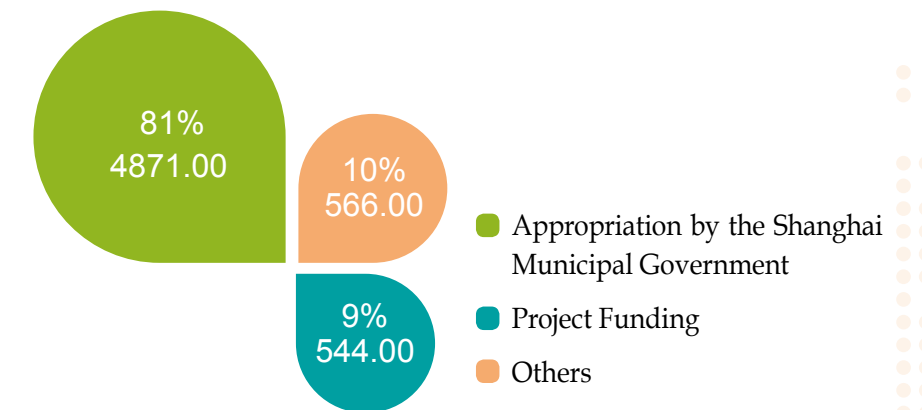
On December 15, Professor Li Xin, Director of SIIS Center for Russia and Central Asia Studies, attended a meeting on Eurasian economic integration and growth in Moscow, and exchanged views with Valentina Matviyenko, Chairwoman of the Russian Federation Council.



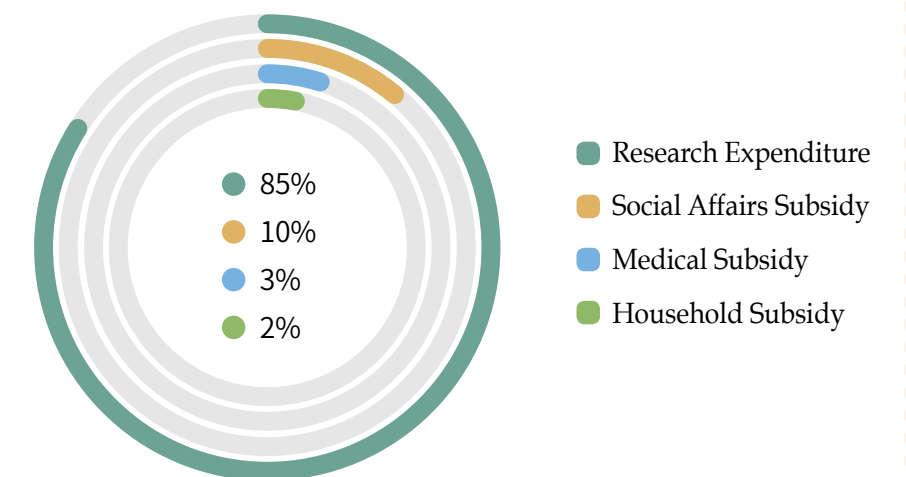


► Financial Report

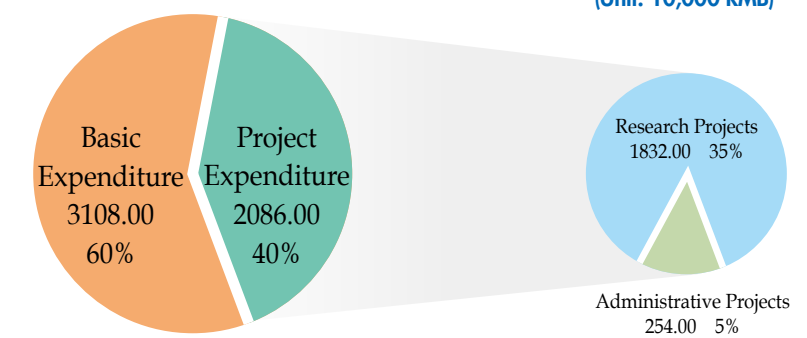
Income of 2016 (Unit: 10,000 RMB)



Expenditure of 2016 (Unit: 10,000 RMB)



Expenditure of 2016 (Categorized by Expenditure Types)
(Unit: 10,000 RMB)



► About Us



Founded in 1960, the Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) is a government-affiliated high-caliber think tank dedicated to informing government decision-making by conducting policy-oriented studies in world politics, economics, foreign policy, and international security. SIIS maintains intensive and extensive exchanges and cooperation with research institutions at home and abroad, bolstering China's international influence and soft power.

SIIS boasts an authorized size of 106 full-time research fellows and staff, and over 50% of the research fellows are senior fellows. In 2006, SIIS was ranked one of the top ten Chinese think tanks and one of the top ten global think tanks. SIIS comprises seven institutes and six research centers, namely, the Institute for Global Governance Studies, the Institute for Foreign Policy Studies, the Institute for World Economic Studies, the Institute for International Strategic Studies, the Institute for Comparative Politics and Public Policy, the Institute for Taiwan, Hong Kong & Macao Studies, the Institute for Data Processing and Studies, the Center for American Studies, the Center for Asia-Pacific Studies, the Center for Russian and Central Asian Studies, the Center for West Asia and Africa Studies, the Center for European Studies, and the Center for Maritime and Polar Studies. In addition, SIIS is an institutional member of the Shanghai International Strategic Studies Association and the Shanghai International Relations Association.

Global Review (bimonthly, Chinese) and the *China Quarterly of International Strategic Studies* are the two flagship journals of SIIS and have become a prestigious academic platform for domestic and international scholarship.

7 Institutes

- Institute for International Strategic Studies
- Institute for Global Governance Studies
- Institute for World Economy Studies
- Institute for Foreign Policy Studies
- Institute for Taiwan, Hong Kong & Macao Studies
- Institute for Comparative Politics & Public Policy Studies
- Institute for Data Processing and Studies

6 Centers

- Center for Asia-Pacific Studies
- Center for American Studies
- Center for Russian & Central Asian Studies
- Center for West Asian & African Studies
- Center for European Studies
- Center for Maritime and Polar Studies

